Hualapai Tribe Update Water Settlement
Submitted by: Dr. Damon Clarke | Hualapai Tribal Chairman

HUALAPAI TRIBE UPDATE
MAY 8, 2019
WATER SETTLEMENT

Water and The Hualapai
Water is ha'nyi gach ja (grandfather water) to the Hualapai. Prayers are said when one partakes of the life-giving liquid. The springs (ha'pak) of the Hualapai lands are considered holy water.

The Holy water is bathed in for healing of the body and soul. Babies are taken to the sacred spring near their place of birth and Washed. Doing this makes the child a part of the spring, and the child can return to the spring for blessing and guidance. That child is related to the water. The Hualapais live through the water, and the water lives through the Hualapai.

TRIBAL WATER
- There are 22 federally recognized tribes in the state of Arizona. Of those tribes, fourteen (14) have either, fully resolved, adjudicated rights or partially resolved water right claims and of that group, a number of those tribes received a significant portion of their water through the CAP.
- Going forward, the 2004 Arizona Water Settlements Act set aside an additional 67,300 acre-feet of CAP water to address any remaining water rights settlement claims.
- In total, approximately 46% of the CAP water supply is or will be permanently allocated to Arizona Indian Tribes. This makes CAP the largest single provider of Colorado River water to tribal water users in the Colorado River system.

THE LAW OF THE RIVER
- Two basins – the upper and the Lower.
- All uses of Colorado River water are regulated by both interstate compact and by a number of federal statutes and compacts—referred as “the Law of the River”.
- We are concerned about the security of water of the Colorado River water rights in AZ. Even with the 4,000 afy of NIA allocated to the Hualapai Tribe under this settlement.
- The settlement agreement and legislation provide that 1,115 afy of the Tribe’s 4,000 afy of the CAP water to be “firmed”.

WINTERS DOCTRINE & ARIZONA V CALIFORNIA (1963)
- The Winters Doctrine established the reserved rights doctrine, setting the priority date of water rights for reservations at the date the reservation was established, and the volume of the right based on the purpose of the reservation.
- In its 1963 decision Arizona v. California, the United States Supreme Court reaffirmed the Winters doctrine of reserved water rights associated with tribal reservations and established “practically irrigable acreage” (PIA) as a standard for quantifying reserved water rights. Hualapai was not considered due to the fact of “non-Indian Agricultural (NIA).”
- This litigation was prompted by Arizona’s need for a determination of its share of water from the Colorado River in order to obtain federal appropriations for the Central Arizona Project (CAP).

WINTERS DOCTRINE & ARIZONA V CALIFORNIA (1963)
- The United States intervened to assert, among other things the reserved water rights of the Chemehuevi, Cocopah, Yuma, Colorado River and Fort Mohave Indian reservations on the lower reaches of the main stem of the Colorado River.
- These five TRIBAL WATER SETTLEMENTS IN ARIZONA 117 Draft of 10/06/04 reservation have quantified rights to over 900,00 acre-feet per year, with early priority dates making these some of the most reliably and potentially valuable water in the southwest if freely marketable.

TRIBAL WATER
- As more tribes begin to take CAP water, the need to understand one another’s operations will continue to grow.
- To meet this changing demand, CAWCD is proactively working with tribes and their communities to understand the different needs of each tribe and the unique challenges and opportunities impacting each tribe.
- The CAP was constructed out of a collaborative process and CAWCD believes it is through continued collaboration with the tribes that we can propel our desert communities forward.

CAP INDIAN WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENTS

Fully Resolved Claims

- Ak-Chin Indian Community
- Salt River Pima Maricopa Indian Community
- Fort McDowell Indian Community
- Yavapai Prescott Apache Tribe
- Pueblo of Zuni
- Gila River Indian Community
- White Mountain Apache Tribe (pending full enactment)

Adjudicated Rights in Arizona v. California

- Chemehuevi
- Cocopah Indian Tribe
- Colorado River Indian Tribes
- Fort Mohave Indian Tribe
- Fort Yuma/Quechan Tribe

CAP INDIAN WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENTS

Partially Resolved

- San Carlos Apache (Salt, Black and San Pedro River claims resolved)
- Tohono O’odham (San Xavier, Schuk Toak, and Gila Bend Districts resolved)
- Hualapai Tribe (Bill Williams River resolved)
- San Juan Souther Paiute
- Tonto Apache Triube
- Yavapai-Apache Nation

Not Resolved

- Havasupai Tribe
- Hopi Tribe
- Kaibab Band of P
- Navajo Nation
- Pasqua Yaqi Tribe
2003 LAND USE PLAN

- Grand Canyon West water use estimates were prepared largely based on a 2003 Land Use Plan. This diversity of activities was to induce more overnight travel.

2006 NATURAL RESOURCE CONSULTING ENGINEERS, INC.

- In 2006 the NRCE draft report provided the starting point for the Tribe in a position for negotiations. NRCE prepared estimates of annual long-term water for demands for domestic, commercial, and municipal (DCM) USES ON THE Hualapai Reservations.
- Later in 2015 a Master Plan of GCW was used to evaluate the feasibility of water supply project to serve GCW this was conducted by Highland
- All in all, these reports have been on-going for over 10 years or more.
- NRCE estimated the demand to be 923.1 acre-feet per year (afy). This would serve future visitation of 5 million people per year.
- Highland’s estimate was 176.9 afy. It was noted to use the NRCE’s estimate

FIRST NEGOTIATIONS

- Studies and figures from the NRCE were presented to the Department of Interior (DOI) officials, AZ Department of Water Resources (ADWR), Salt River Project (SRP), and Central Arizona Water Conservancy District (CAWCD) at the inaugural session in January of 2011.
- This work continued for eighteen (18) months to August 2012. Non-Indian parties strongly resisted the Tribe’s claims.
- Late fall of 2011, Freeport Minerals Company asked to be included in the settlement agreements. This was to settle water rights between Freeport, the DOI, and the Tribe.
- By August 2012, the tribe had reached a general agreement with the State and State parties about the Comprehensive settlement of the Colorado River water rights.

BILL WILLIAM’S SETTLEMENT 2014

- During the 2013-2014 time period while a DOWL study was being prepared, the Tribe completed a settlement of its claims in the Bill Williams Basin with the Federal Team and Freeport.
- Congress approved this settlement in December 2014. This is in force between the Tribe, Freeport and the United States, the major water users in the Big Sandy Creek.
- DOWL engineering worked on studies to design infrastructure projects to supply water from the Colorado River to the Reservation and presented this to the council in 2014. The Council’s preference is from Diamond Creek to Peach Springs and Grand Canyon West.


- We have had since 2008 six different councils looking at this water negotiations and settlement: 2008; 2010; 2012; 2014; 2016; and 2018.
- The emphasis is to deliver water and infrastructure to Grand Canyon West.
- Two alternative routes have been rejected from Lake Mead and Quartermaster Canyon. Mainly due to private and other federal lands outside the Reservation. This would be too expensive and difficult engineering factors. Water would not be delivered to Peach Springs as well.

APPLICATION OF THE CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES

- Terms of the Settlement as embodied in S. 1770 were numbered Criterion No. 1 through Criterion No. 16.
- As part of the settlement, Congress would authorize and fund the construction of water delivery infrastructure with capacity to deliver up to 3,400 afy of water from the Colorado River.

Important Dates For the GAMYU Newsletter

Please note the articles deadline for the upcoming issue and remember to attach an Information Sheet with your articles. No ANONYMOUS submissions. For latest and archived issues of the Gamyu newsletter, please go to: http://hualapai-nsn.gov/gamyu-newsletter/

**ARTICLE DEADLINE:** Friday, June 10TH
JUST RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

- Kingman—In an effort to secure water rights for the Hualapai people, which Hualapai Tribal Chairman Dr. Damon R. Clarke says is essential to their future, Arizona elected officials Martha McSally, Kyrsten Sinema, Tom O’Halleran are working to solidify a water settlement for the Hualapai Tribe.
- The bill was introduced May 1st by US Rep. Tom O’Halleran (D-District 1) in the House of Representatives and in the Senate by Senators McSally and Kyrsten Sinema (D-Arizona).
- The bill was previously introduced by US Senators Jeff Flake and John McCain.

JUST RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

- Water is the lifeblood of communities throughout Arizona and across the region, and without it, economic
development and growth is stalling. Today, I am proud to support Arizona families and tourism by introducing the Hualapai Water Rights Settlement Act,” O’Halleran said in a press release from McSally’s Office. This important legislation will give the Hualapai Tribe access to water from the Colorado River, and it will allow Peach Springs and Grand Canyon West to grow and create good-paying jobs in the area. I am pleased to see members of our delegation coming together in both the House of Representatives and the Senate to address this issue.”

- According to the release, the Hualapai Tribe Water Rights Settlement Act of 2019 would codify an agreement between Arizona and the U.S. government for the Hualapai Tribe’s federally-reserved water rights. That includes the right to receive 4,000 acre-feet of water per year from the Colorado River.

JUST RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

- “Grand Canyon West, located on the Hualapai Reservation, brings more than 1 million visitors each year to Arizona,” McSally said in the release.

- “The Hualapai Tribe Water Rights Settlement Act codifies the agreement made between tribe and government to sustain high levels of tourism and employment in the area. It is critical this bill is sent to the President’s desk quickly not only to boost the Hualapai Tribe’s economic self-sufficiency, but to provide fundamental long-term water security necessary for the Tribe’s population on the Reservation.”

- Sinema wrote that she is proud to work closely with the Hualapai Tribe “to finalize a landmark water rights settlement that will provide the Hualapai people with water security and grow Arizona’s economy.”

JUST RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

- “The Hualapai Tribe has worked for years to secure its water rights, and this critical legislation will strengthen our sovereignty and self-reliance for generations,” Clarke said.
- “We are grateful for the continued work of Arizona’s congressional delegation, especially Sen. Martha McSally, Sen. Kyrsten Sinema, Rep. Tom O’Halleran and Rep. Paul Gosar. They have all been steadfast in their support of the Hualapai Tribe.
- As the Senate and House move this legislation forward, we await the day when we can finally secure these rights that are essential to the future of the Hualapai people.”
- Information provided by the office of Sen. Martha McSally

TAKING IT TO THE NEXT LEVEL—THE CHOICE IS YOURS

ARE WE READY?
Three Arizona legislator move to ratify Hualapai water rights

WASHINGTON—U.S Arizona Senator Martha McSally (R-AZ), Kyrsten Sinema (D-AZ), and U.S Representative Tom O’Halleran (D-AZ) moved May 8 to solidify a comprehensive water settlement for the Hualapai Tribe. The Hualapai Tribe Water Rights Settlement Act of 2019 would codify an agreement between Arizona and U.S government regarding the Tribe’s federally reserved water rights, including Tribe’s federally reserved water rights including the Tribe’s right to receive 4,000 acre-feet of water per year from the Colorado River.

“Grand Canyon West, located on the Hualapai reservation, brings more than one million visitors each year to Arizona,” said McSally. “The Hualapai Tribe Water Rights Settlement Act codifies the agreement made between tribe and government to sustain high levels of tourism and employment in the area. It is critical this bill is sent to the president’s desk quickly not only to boost the Hualapai Tribe’s economic self-sufficiency, but to provide fundamental long-term water security necessary for the Tribe’s population on the Reservation.”

“I’m proud to work closely with the Hualapai Tribe to finalize a landmark water rights settlement that will provide the Hualapai people with water security and grow Arizona’s economy,” said Sinema.

“Water is the lifeblood of communities throughout Arizona and across the region, and without it, economic development and growth is stalling. Today, I am proud to support Arizona families and tourism by introducing the Hualapai Water Rights Settlement Act,” said O’Halleran. “This important legislation will give the Hualapai Tribe access to water from the Colorado River, and it will allow Peach Springs and Grand Canyon West to grow and create good-paying jobs in the area. I am pleased to see members of our delegation coming together in both the House of Representatives and the Senate to address this issue.”

“The Hualapai Tribe has worked for years to secure its water rights, and this critical legislation will strengthen our sovereignty and self-reliance for generations,” said Hualapai Tribal Chairman Dr. Damon R. Clarke. “We are grateful for the continued work of Arizona’s congressional delegation, especially Sen. Martha McSally, Sen. Kyrsten Sinema, Rep. Tom O’Halleran and Rep. Paul Gosar. They have all been steadfast in their support of the Hualapai Tribe. As the Senate and House move this legislation forward, we await the day when we can finally secure these rights that are essential to the future of the Hualapai people.”

On May 15, 2017, the Mohave County Board Supervisors unanimously expressed support the settlement. In combination with additional water efforts, the Hualapai Tribe Water Rights Settlement Act of 2019 furthers bipartisan work to secure Arizona’s water future and prevent the waste of taxpayer dollars on unnecessary federal litigation. This bill was previously introduced by U.S. Senators Jeff Flake and John McCain.

Information provided by Senator Martha McSally’s office

Summary of Water Rights

Submitted by: Dr. Damon Clarke | Hualapai Tribe Chairman

Summary of the Hualapai Water Rights Settlement May 2019

Since 2011, the Tribe has been seeking a comprehensive resolution of its water rights, including its right to take water from the Colorado River. This effort has now resulted in a Settlement Agreement that has been approved and signed by the Tribe, the State of Arizona and non-Indian water users and providers in the State—the Salt River Project, the Central Arizona Project and Freeport Minerals Company. If ratified by Congress, the Settlement will:

- Provide the Tribe with 4,000 acre-feet-per year (afy) of Priority 4 Central Arizona Project Colorado River water.
- Recognize the Tribe’s exclusive right to all on-Reservation surface and ground water.
- Provide $173.5 million in federal funds to construct a pipeline from Diamond Creek to deliver water to Peach Springs and Grand Canyon West.

The Settlement Agreement needs to be approved by Congress before it can be implemented. Legislation has been introduced in the Senate (by Senators McSally and Sinema) and in the House of Representatives (by Representative O’Halleran, co-sponsored by Representative Gosar and other members of the Arizona House delegation) to ratify the settlement. The Tribe expects the bills to be approved by the Senate and House Committees this summer and they will then be ready for final approval by Congress.

Here are answers to some questions about the Settlement:

Does the settlement provide enough water for the Tribe?
• 4,000 afy is about 13 times the amount of water the Tribe currently uses.
• It would provide sufficient water for a full build-out of Grand Canyon West.
• It would support a future population of about 13,000 people on the Reservation—10 times the current population.
• The Settlement provides the Tribe with additional funds to buy additional Colorado River water rights.
• The Tribe can continue to use the Truxton Aquifer and other groundwater as well as surface water on the Reservation.

Is this water reliable? Given the shortages in the Colorado River, will it be available?
• For about the next 90 years, until 2108, 1,115 of the 4,000 afy will be “firmed,” which means that it will be given a higher “priority” and is therefore very unlikely to be significantly cut, even if there are shortages.
• Although in years of shortage, there likely will be cuts in the balance of the water, it is not expected that there will be shortages every year, and the degree of shortages will likely vary from year to year.
• The Tribe has separately received a significant amount of money to buy additional Colorado River water that will be more secure and therefore less vulnerable to cuts.
• In years of no shortages or lesser shortages, Tribe will very likely have excess water that it can save in a “water bank” and then use in years of greater shortages.

What rights does the Tribe waive in the settlement?
• Because this is a settlement of all of the Tribe’s water rights claims, the Tribe waives the right to assert any additional water rights claims in the future. This waiver is a standard and necessary requirement in all water rights settlements.
• The Tribe waives the right to curtail off-Reservation groundwater pumping by others. But the Tribe’s legal right to object to such pumping is very uncertain. Two recent federal court decisions have ruled against tribal claims to limit off reservation pumping. Moreover, a major feature of this settlement that the Tribe will not have to be solely dependent on groundwater—as it now is—because the Tribe’s groundwater is depleting.

Does the Tribe give up the right to have land taken into trust?
• No. But the process for future land-into-trust will change—instead of approval by the BIA, approval will be by Congress.
• All of the Tribe’s pending trust applications for Cholla Canyon Ranch and the Hunt Ranch parcels will be approved by this legislation and the lands will be taken into trust for the tribe.
• This provision for a change in the trust land process has been in all Arizona water settlements since 2000—and has been accepted by Zuni, Tohono O’odham, Gila River and White Mountain Apache.
• The Council strongly opposed including this provision in the settlement, but the State insisted on it—the Council very reluctantly concluded there would be no settlement without it.

Are there any good alternatives to the Settlement?
• Prior Councils since 2011 have negotiated this settlement over many years and have concluded that there is no “better” deal—this is the best settlement the Tribe can get from the State and the non-Indian water users.
• The Interior Department hasn’t yet agreed to the settlement because it thinks it is too favorable for the Tribe—that it includes too much federal funding for the Tribe.
• There is no good option for the Tribe to litigate its water rights claim—a court case would take many years, would be very expensive for the Tribe and would be very risky and have a very uncertain outcome. Further, even successful litigation would get the Tribe only a “paper” water right and no federal funding to help deliver that water to the Reservation.
• For these reasons, the only realistic alternative to this settlement is no settlement—the status quo. That would mean the Tribe would remain solely dependent on the Truxton Aquifer, which is a scarce and depleting water supply.
• There would be no good water supply for Grand Canyon West, which would restrict the Tribe’s future economic development.
• There would be no solution to the Tribe’s future water needs.

**What happens next?**

• The Tribe, the State and the non-Indian water users will work together to urge Congress to pass legislation to ratify the settlement and authorize funding for the infrastructure project.
• The Tribe will continue discussions with the Department of Interior to try to get the Department to support the settlement.
• The goal is to pass the legislation to approve the settlement in this Congress – before 2021.
• Once the legislation is passed by Congress, environmental studies of the pipeline project will be started. After the studies are completed and after all funding for the project is appropriated by Congress, construction of the pipeline will begin.

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**A note about the 2014 Bill Williams River Settlement:**

In 2014, the Tribe approved a separate water rights settlement relating to the Tribe’s small reservation parcel in the Big Sandy. That settlement also resolved water rights for the allotted lands in the Big Sandy. The settlement was finalized and approved by Congress in December 2014 and has been in effect since then. That settlement:

• Confirmed a reserved water right of 696 afy for the Reservation parcel and the allotted parcels in the Big Sandy—the Tribe’s expert hydrologist determined this was the maximum water right the Tribe and allottees could claim.
• Protected Tribal and allottee water rights against future pumping by Freeport, and also protected the flow of Cofer Hot Springs on the Tribe’s Cholla Canyon Ranch.
• As part of that settlement Freeport Minerals paid $1 million to the Tribe which the Tribe used to fund most of the cost of an engineering study of the proposed Colorado River pipeline—a study that the Tribe needed for the comprehensive settlement.
• Freeport gave a substantial additional sum of money to Tribe to use for purchasing additional Colorado River water rights to supplement the water rights received in the comprehensive settlement.
• All parties agreed to confirm each other’s water rights in the Bill Williams Basin legislation and the lands will be taken into trust for the Tribe.

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**Yours and Mine • Our water right to the Colorado River**

*Submitted by: Charles Vaughn*

**Our Water right to the Colorado River**

**Yours and Mine**

I attended the tribal council meeting on 5/14/2019 regarding the tribe’s pursuit of a water right to the Colorado River (ha-na-gucha). The topic of water rights is a difficult discussion to follow, due to the terminology and law that is addressed when discussing the topic. A concern that I have is that ‘water right’ was not defined. It is simply the right to make use of water from a stream lake or irrigation canal. In this case the water right we are attempting to acquire is the right to use water from the Colorado River which borders the Hualapai Reservation for 108 miles. The preceding general definition is expanded to reflect court decisions which consider issues associated with Native American water right. The principal issue is defined in the Winters Rights doctrine that is a U.S. Supreme Court decision. That decision held in 1908 that a reservations water-right existed or was implied when the reservation was created. In our case a water right to the Colorado River has existed since the creation of the reservation in 1883. It just hasn’t been congressionally approved. The secondary matter is the PIA (practically irrigable acreage) standard which was a definition that arose from the litigation of Arizona v. California in 1963. It simply defines a reservations water right as being the amount of water that is necessary to irrigate acreage practicable for agriculture.

Presently, the water right of the Hualapai Tribe is in a bill before the U.S Congress. It is pending adoption. This bill approved, will give the tribe a water right to the Colorado River, enabling the diversion of 4,000 acre feet of water annually. This would enable the establishment of self-sufficiency!

The approval of Senate Bill S 1770 would be a boon to the Hualapai Tribe, however, there are some tribal council members who feel that we are accepting a water right that is meaningless. The position that is being championed
makes it quite clear to me that these tribal council members lack understanding of how important a water right to the Colorado River is. Walking away from a water right to the river is an opportunity that only comes once in a lifetime! To walk away means the opportunity to settle our right to the Colorado River will be lost forever! The importance of this issue is described quite simply by the humorist Will Rogers who once said “buy land, they’re not making it anymore!”

That simple quip describes the dilemma that the tribe is facing. Do we accept a water right settlement to limited supply of water in a river that is shrinking rapidly as tribes in Arizona settle their individual claims to the river? Those who say no to a water right settlement contend that the settlement isn’t good enough they a better idea. They never describe what better is and how we can achieve better? Why is it best to walk away from a settlement that has been negotiated and agreed upon and is before Congress for passage? They’ve never answered the question of if we walk away now, will we ever have this opportunity again?

A water right to the Colorado River has value, significant value that will last: in perpetuity (once the right to the Colorado River is established it can never be taken away. The water in the river is a limited amount that tribes and other entities are trying to acquire a legal right to, (we aren’t the only ones) therefore, the value of the water right will only increase. In the words of Will Rogers, “they’re not making it anymore.”

In order to build our self-sufficiency or independence from the federal government, the Hualapai Indian Reservation has to be able to support its membership with an economy that provides for our livelihood. The only way to do that is to have the Colorado River give life to our reservation!

That reality we are faced with is that we cannot build a tribal economy based on gaming and agriculture like other tribes, so building an economy on tourism is our primary alternative at the present. When reservations were established by the federal government it was thought that the lands were worthless and of no value to the majority of non-Indians.

This held true for tribes like ours but for other tribes, riches lied above and underground their reservations in the form of arable land and oil reserves. The Hualapai Tribe doesn't have an arable land base but we do have the vistas of the Grand Canyon which people are providing an economy for our reservation. This is unique to our tribe and we will perhaps be the only tribe that achieves a water right based on tourism rather than agriculture or fishing rights. Growing that opportunity and addressing the growth of Grand Canyon West can only be done by delivering water to satisfy the appetite of that growth.

It was stated that 4 to 5 truck loads of water are being delivered to Grand Canyon West on a daily basis to address that need; verifying that the water right must be delivered to Grand Canyon West rather than Peach Springs; that is where the need is. This demand at Grand Canyon West tells me that a pipeline from the Colorado River to GCW is the most cost-effective approach to satisfying that need rather than building a line from Diamond Creek to Peach Springs then out to GCW.

Placing the diversion at Grand Canyon West is also practical from the point that there is water storage in place that is tied to the new water line that can be extended to Peach Springs from West Water. The new line that I'm proposing can also be enlarged to benefit agriculture in Plain Tank area.

Some council members contend that our tribal constitution is being violated because accepting the settlement means there would be an exchange of natural resources. To my knowledge nothing is being exchanged. Besides precedence has been set by other tribal councils and this present tribal council who have built projects without referendum such as the Skywalk, pipeline at Grand Canyon West, the airport and the projected visitors center have exceeded constitutional limitations’ yet no tribal council or its members voiced a concern that a referendum vote was necessary to approve these projects. Now that the tribe is on the verge of settling a water right to the Colorado River, they are opposing the settlement and promoting a referendum vote that they are hoping will defeat the settlement of our water right to the Colorado River.

These tribal council members are opposing the water right settlement by touting that a referendum vote is necessary. They are falling to recognize the spirit in which our constitution was written. That spirit speaks to the protection of our lands and natural resources for ourselves and our children.
The acquisition of a water right to the Colorado River is for ourselves (the tribe) and it benefits our future self-sufficiency (our children). We need to decide what is important for the prosperity of our tribe.

Do we listen to those voices who are opposed to the settlement who have failed to describe how following their lead will benefit our future posterity or do we listen to the voices of those long gone that say that this decision to accept a water right to Ha-na-gucha is important so that we may all live on!

Nah thu gajim manh ge nav ga. Nah me eve’m, manh ewai nah the hinah muth gah. Meh wasiv meh, gwe mulja me ge nav ga, ha meh yoh, guk nah mada guk geh gwanna thopoa. H-moh-m, nacha jawida

It is my sincere hope that yours and mine can enjoy the promise our reservation has to offer.

Sincerely,

Charlie Vaughn

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**12th Annual Hualapai Junior Rodeo • Next Rodeo: Saturday, June 1st**
Submitted by: Tamara Marshall | Hualapai Planning Department

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**12th Annual Hualapai Junior Rodeo**

**2019 Season**

- **Dates:**
  - April 6
  - May 4
  - June 1
  - Finals: July 13

- **Events:**
  - Goat Tail Pull
  - Goat Tying
  - Barrel Racing
  - Pole Bending
  - Team Roping
  - Call Tying
  - Break Away
  - Stick Pony Race
  - Steer Stop

- **Ages:**
  - 0-5 yrs
  - 6-9 yrs
  - 10-12 yrs
  - 13-18 yrs

- **Location:** Mile post 102.5 on Route 66 4H, Youth and Ag. Facility

**Entries will be taken up till 8:30 event starts at 9:00 am**

For more information Please contact Winkle Crook at (928) 769-2255
Hualapai Youth Services • Save the Date
Submitted by: Christina Watchomigie | Hualapai Youth Services

HUALAPAI TRIBAL
YOUTH COUNCIL
PRESENTS
SUMMER YOUTH
CONFERENCE
JUNE 17-19 2019
Peach Springs, AZ 86434
Be Prepared To Camp!
Native American Youth
Ages 14-24
For More Information Feel Free To Contact
Youth Services @ 928-769-2234 Ext 700

Gathering of the Pai Dinner • Saturday, June 22nd
Submitted by: Lyndee Hornell | Hualapai Cultural Resources

Attention Hualapai Community,

If you are attending the Gathering of the Pai in Prescott, AZ, June 21-23, 2019 The Hualapai Tribe has been chosen to prepare Dinner for the Gathering on Saturday June 22. We need volunteers to help prepare the dinner.

If you would like to Volunteer for Saturday’s Dinner, Please Contact Marcie Craynon (928) 769-2234.

Han Kyu

Revised Guidelines to the Social (assistance) Programs
Submitted by: Marilynn Vaughn | Hualapai Tribe

Tribal Council recently made changes to the Social (assistance) Programs funded by Gaming Revenue. The changes are effective immediately.

You may Pick up a copy of the revised Social Programs guidelines located in the lobby of the Tribal Administration and on the Tribe’s website at www.hualapai-nsn.gov
IN THE HUALAPAI TRIBAL COURT
HUALAPAI RESERVATION, STATE OF ARIZONA

PUBLIC NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR IN THE
MATTER OF THE ESTATE
OF

JEFFREY WAUNEKA
2019-PB-001

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Probate Hearing FOR THE
PETITION OF PROBATE OF THE ABOVE NAMED WILL BE HEARD AT
09:00 AM ON THE 3rd day of June, 2019,A.D. IN THE COURTROOM OF
THE HUALAPAI TRIBAL COURT. ANY PERSON HAVING AN INTEREST
IN THE PROBATE HEARING SHOULD ATTEND.

May 9, 2019
DATE

COURT CLERK

1:20 pm
RECEIVED
MAY 10, 2019
Native American Recognition Day • Saturday, June 1st
Submitted by: Adeline Crozier | Hualapai Tribal Administration

NATIVE AMERICAN RECOGNITION DAY
AT CHASE FIELD

NATIVE AMERICAN RECOGNITION DAY
Join the D-backs for Native American Recognition Day presented by Gila River Hotels & Casinos. Discounted tickets are available with a portion of each ticket sold using this offer benefiting Native American programs.

Activities begin when the gates open at 3:10PM and include live entertainment. Native American drum groups, dancers and visualists. Native American education displays will showcase the Native American culture. The winning teams from the D-backs Inter-tribal Youth Baseball and Softball tournament will be recognized before the game.

Order your tickets by completing this form or go online to dbacks.com/hard.

SATURDAY
JUNE 1
5:10PM
NEW YORK METS
VS
ARIZONA DIAMONDBACKS

CONTACT

TICKETING - Based on availability - Children 2 and under are free

$34 - Lower Level - Dugout Reserve, reg. $64
$47 - Lower Level - Baseline Box, reg. $68
$42 - Diamond Level - Club Reserve, reg. $46
$44 - Lower Level - Baseline Reserve, reg. $46
$56 - Lower Level - Bleacher/Bullpen Reserve, reg. $99
$25 - Upper Level - Infield Reserve, reg. $25

Please return completed form with payment to: Arizona Diamondbacks, Attn: Johanna Imperial, 401 E. Jefferson St, Phoenix, AZ 85004

dbacks.com 602.462.4000

CHASE FIELD • 401 EAST JEFFERSON STREET
PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Order Form Deadline: May 24, 2019
Online Deadline: June 1, 2019
Gathering of the Pai Agenda
Submitted by: Tamara Marshall | Planning Department

21st Annual
Gathering of the Pai
June 21, 22, 23, 2019
600 EZ Street | Prescott, AZ

Bah Dtihyuu'jeh, Mi'yuulis-nyih
Swahdd-nyik Himaajrah Hnuu

Friday, June 21 | 5pm
Saturday, June 22 | 9am
Sunday, June 23 | 9am-12pm

• Cultural Demonstrations
• Songs
• Dance
• Traditional Games & Activities
• Pai Women 20th Anniversary Celebration

Hosted by the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe | Prescott, AZ

This is a drug/alcohol free event.
For further information, contact Linda Ogo at 928.515.7202
For Elder Pai Woman/Pai Woman info contact Maria Rocha at 928.769.6278
The 2019 Wildland Fire Season is on its way and we are looking for highly motivated individuals willing to work strenuous shifts, maintain a positive attitude, and to be a team player. Keep in mind fire is unpredictable so shifts include weeks away from home and working holidays.

**What is Wildland Fire?**

A wildland fire is an unwanted ignition which consumes available fuels (grass, trees, and shrubs) by crawling, creeping, jumping, and running before smoldering to rest. Unwanted fires are the results of Rodeo-Chediski Fire (2002), Wallow Fire and Horeshoe 2 fire (2011) and most recently on the Hualapai Reservation the Sage Fire (2016).

**What causes a Wildland Fire?**

There are two types of ignitions 1) “anthropogenic” the results of human activity such as playing with matches, dropping cigarettes, embers from chimneys, unattended camp fires, and sparks from machines 2) natural ignitions are from volcanic activity and lightning.

**How do I apply?**

Contact staff at Branch of Forestry or stop by the office for application and nomination form for training the process for employment.

employment is to complete; 1) Drug test 2) Physical Exam required and processed through Medical Standards or a Self-Certification Health Screen Questionnaire 3) Southwest Firefighter Application 4) Work Capacity Test (WCT): Informed

The position which you are applying for will determine the WCT as Pack test, Field test, or Walk test.

**What will I Do?**

You will be a part of a 20 man hand crew made up of a Crew Boss, Squad Bosses, and Sawyers. On the other hand, you may be working on a wildland fire engine or a single resource depending on experience and qualifications your position may vary.

- Wildland Fire boots are required with Vibram sole with 8 inch top.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Number</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Nomination Due</th>
<th>Course Date</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Coordinator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-130 / S-190</td>
<td>Basic Wildland Fire Fighter</td>
<td>May 29</td>
<td>June 3 - 7</td>
<td>Branch of Forestry</td>
<td>0800 - 1630</td>
<td>Melvin Hunter, Sr.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I-100 / L-180</td>
<td>S-110</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Peach Springs, AZ</td>
<td></td>
<td>O: 928-769-3308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>F: 928-769-2326</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="mailto:melvin.hunter@bia.gov">melvin.hunter@bia.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATV / UTV Training</td>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>Branch of Forestry</td>
<td>Peach Springs, AZ</td>
<td></td>
<td>Melvin Hunter, Sr.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>O: 928-769-3308</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="mailto:melvin.hunter@bia.gov">melvin.hunter@bia.gov</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Required
- DOI Drug Testing is required; test must include the five drugs: marijuana, cocaine, opiates, amphetamines and phencyclidine. Drug testing is provided by the applicant with a copy of verification to the Branch of Forestry.
- For pack test dress in gym clothes with walking or running shoes.
- For pack test dress in gym clothes with walking or running shoes.
- Wildland Fire boots are required with Vibram sole with 8 inch top.

CLASSES AVAILABLE ONLINE AND CAN BE FOUND AT THE LINK BELOW
Required Trainings: IS -700a, ICS 100, and ICS 200 (Single Resource Only) FEMA National Incident Management System Link: http://training.fema.gov/emiweb/is/is700a.asp
The online training is a self-study course; upon completion please submit your certificates to TCA.
National Wildfire Coordinating Group (NWCG) Training and Qualifications Link: http://training.nwcg.gov/courses.html

Required Rookie Training includes: I-100, S-190, and S-130, and L-180. NOTE: S-130 and L-180 Also offered Online.
I – 100; Introduction to the Incident Command System (2006), required
S-110; Basic Wildland Suppression Orientation (2003), required
S-130; Firefighter Training (2003), required
S-190; Introduction to Wildland Fire Behavior (2006), required
S-290; Intermediate Wildland Fire Behavior (2010), recommended for Single Resource Trainee and Qualified

TCA - Branch of Forestry, 1130 Mesa View Dr. Peach Springs, AZ 86434 PH: 928.769.2270 FAX: 928.769.2326 HRS: M-F, 0800-1630

Hualapai Artisans Needed
Submitted by: Nancy Echeverria | Grand Canyon Resort Corporation

HUALAPAI ARTISANS NEEDED

Grand Canyon Resort Corporation is looking to purchase handmade beaded jewelry and other small products made by Hualapai Artisans. Our goal is to have more affordable handmade products that we can sell in our gift shops and highlight those Hualapai Artisans when displaying their items to sell.

(The minimum purchase quantity is 24 pieces.)

My Name is Wanda Stawiyumpawoa. I was born in ValSpring, AZ and raised in Pine, Utah and I returned back to live in Peach Springs, AZ in 1994. After retiring in 2011, construction on my small craft store located in Peach Springs was completed by my son and I taught Cylinder my items to locals and tourists. As of today, I continue to sell many of the traditional Navajo designs with form and ribbon which are the traditional wear for the Hualapai people. My hobbies are sewing, crafting, and joking to be the best of all dancing.

- Wanda Stawiyumpawoa

Grand Canyon Resort

Please Contact
MICHIELE HOLMES
928.769.2419 ext. 194
# 2019 Current Job Posting for the Hualapai Tribe

**OPEN COMPETITIVE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Title</th>
<th>Pay Rate</th>
<th>Opening Date</th>
<th>Closing Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Finance Department</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance Assistant Director</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>April 03, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural Resources</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Archaeologist</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>December 13, 2018</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firefighter/EMT-Basic</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>March 19, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firefighter/Paramedic</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>March 19, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Department</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio Station Administrative Assistant</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>April 03, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media Specialist (Part-time)</td>
<td>$12.50 per hour</td>
<td>May 10, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resident Advocate</td>
<td>$10-$15/Hr.; D.O.E.</td>
<td>January 22, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth Services Assistant</td>
<td>$13.00 - $15/Hr.</td>
<td>April 17, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hualapai Tribal Substance Abuse Action Project Coordinator</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>May 03, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Resources</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>February 28, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter Advocate</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>December 10, 2018</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>December 10, 2018</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing Department</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receptionist</td>
<td>$12.00/Hr.</td>
<td>May 23, 2019</td>
<td>May 31, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Judicial</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>April 30, 2019</td>
<td>May 30, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile Det. Center</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Correction Officer I, II, and III</td>
<td>$16.00 - $18.00/Hr.</td>
<td>October 31, 2017</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Resources</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range Specialist</td>
<td>Negotiable</td>
<td>February 26, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture Program Manager</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>March 18, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture Crew Laborer (1)</td>
<td>$13.00/Hr.</td>
<td>March 28, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water/Air Technician</td>
<td>D.O.E. /Negotiable</td>
<td>May 29, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence/Sexual Assault Investigator (Certified)</td>
<td>$45,000/y. to $69,000/y.</td>
<td>December 06, 2018</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Officer (Certified)</td>
<td>$39,520/y. to $47,840/y.</td>
<td>December 06, 2018</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Defenders'</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Defense Advocate/Public Defender</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>May 17, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborer - Cholla Ranch</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>April 02, 2019</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Road Maintenance 3/Roads Program</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>May 28, 2019</td>
<td>June 07, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training Center</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher/Tutor</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>December 17, 2018</td>
<td>Open Until Filled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INTERNAL ONLY (For Current Tribal Employees Only)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance Department</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounting Clerk</td>
<td>D.O.E.</td>
<td>May 24, 2019</td>
<td>June 04, 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a complete job announcement please pick up at the Tribal Administration Office or visit our website at [Hualapai.NN.gov](http://Hualapai.NN.gov).

***Please see Job Announcement(s) for more detail, you must meet all minimum qualifications as required for the Job Title in which you are applying to in order for HR to send your Application to the department.***

For employment with the Hualapai Tribe, please fill out an Employment Application and return to the Human Resources office.

To work for the Hualapai Tribe, you minimally need to have the following:

- A valid driver's license
- A high school diploma or GED

**Preference:** All applicants are considered without regard to age, sex, race, national origin, religion, marital status, or physical disability. However, preference may be extended to persons of Indian ancestry in accordance with Public Law 83-658, Section 703 (703-71) and public law 88-606, Section 702.

*The Hualapai Tribe is an Equal Opportunity Employer/Program*

**Auxiliary aids and services available upon request to individuals with disabilities.**

**Contact Us:** Human Resources
POB 179 / 941 Hualapai Way
Peach Springs, Az. 86434-0179
Phone number: 928-769-2216
Fax number: 928-769-1191
Toll Free number: 1-888-769-2221

Revised on 05/29/2019
Become a Census Worker for the 2020 Census
Submitted by: Kevin Davidson | Hualapai Planning Department

The 2020 Census will count all the people living in the United States of America. We need your help!

2020census.gov/jobs

Positions including:
- clerks
- recruiting assistants
- office operations supervisors
- census field supervisors
- census takers

The positions will be located nationwide and offer flexible work hours, including daytime, evenings and weekends.

A partial job description for Enumerators is below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENUMERATOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Use automated smart phones or laptop computers to conduct job activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Review assigned work to locate households for verifying addresses and/or conducting interviews.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Conduct interviews with residents in assigned areas by following stringent guidelines and confidentiality laws.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Explain the purpose of the census interview, answer respondent's questions, collect information following a script, and record census data using devices and/or paper forms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Update address lists and maps.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Validate address and map updates for quality purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Follow procedures to conduct accurate work while maintaining acceptable production rates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Maintain and submit records of hours worked, miles driven, and expenses incurred in the performance of duties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Meet/talk with supervisor, as necessary, to review procedures, report issues or concerns, and receive additional instructions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dislocated Worker Program Orientation • Monday, June 17
Submitted by: Jean Imus | Hualapai WIA Program

NINETEEN TRIBAL NATIONS WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT BOARD
Workforce Innovations and Opportunity Act

Dislocated Worker Program
Orientation
Monday, June 17, 2019
11:00 – 12:00
Hualapai Nation
Education Building
460 Hualapai Way, Peach Springs

- Have you been laid-off?
- Collecting Unemployment Insurance benefits or has exhausted Benefits?
- Are you a stay at home male or female who has been providing unpaid services to a family member and been dependent on the income? Have you now lost that income because of divorce, legal separation, or by the death of that person?
- If you answered YES to any of these questions, you are encouraged to attend the orientation to find out more about the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Dislocated Worker Program.

Equal Opportunity Employer/Program
Auxiliary aids & services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities
Field Trip Change
Due to the high chance of rain forecast for tomorrow, we have moved our K-4 field trip to next Wednesday, May 15, 2019. New permission slips are not required.

2019-2020 Applications
Enrollment applications for the 2019-2020 school year are currently available online and at the school. They are due by Monday, June 3, 2019 at 4:00 pm. New applications must include proof of residency, birth certificate, immunization record, and CIB (if applicable). Returning applications must include proof of residency and updated immunization record (if applicable).

The final visit by the Mohave County Bookmobile for the school year will be next Wednesday, May 15, 2019. All books that students have checked out will need to be turned in on that date.

Summer Reading
Students will have an extra 9-10 hours a day, 4 days a week, for 11 weeks because they won’t be in school over the summer. Obviously all of those 400+ hours shouldn’t be spent reading, but is 30 minutes a day too much to ask?

The Mohave County Library has a summer reading program that runs from May 25th through July 13th. More information at https://mohavecounty.azsummerreading.org

TRACK MEET RESULTS
Our students did a FANTASTIC job at the Small Schools Track Meet last Thursday. Several of our students placed in the top 3 in all of their events. Thank you to all of the schools, students, and families who attended.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VALENTINE RIBBON COUNTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Place</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Place</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Place</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How Can I Help My Student?
- Talk to your students about respecting their school – Lately we have had a rash of student behavior, particularly in the bathrooms, that has resulted in a lot of unnecessary work for the staff. On several occasions, smears of feces have been discovered on the bathroom walls and fixtures. Just yesterday, someone decided to lift a toilet tank lid and do a “number 2” in the reservoir tank instead of the bowl. This type of behavior is considered vandalism and consequences can include suspension and revocation of the student’s attendance exception.
- Prevent summer learning loss – Students who don’t practice reading or math over the summer lose an average of 2-3 months of those skills. Including reading into students’ daily routine over the summer can help to slow or even prevent that loss. Having students “do the math” when it comes to shopping, completing a project, or planning a trip can go a long way to keep them from hitting “rewind” on their learning.
- Use trips as learning adventures – Every excursion can be a learning adventure. Help students develop questions that they want to find out answers to so that they are ready with those questions during the trip.
- Keep asking questions of your students – What do they enjoy learning about? What makes them want to get up in the morning? What do they want to be when they grow up? Who do they admire most and why?

PLANNING AHEAD
- May 14 – School Board Meeting, 4:30 pm
- May 15 – Keepers of the Wild Field Trip (Grades K-4)
- May 21 – Early Release, 12 noon
- May 21 – Graduation/Promotion Ceremony, 6:00 pm
- May 23 – Field Day, Rec Area 1 (Grades K-8)
- June 03 – Next year applications due
- Aug 07 – Back to School Night, 5:30 pm
- Aug 12 – First Day of School, 2019-2020 school year
Teacher In-service Days (no school) August 5-8, 2019
First Day for Students August 12, 2019
Labor Day (no school) September 2, 2019
Parent/Teacher Conferences - noon release September 12, 2019
Veterans' Day (no school) November 11, 2019
Fall Break (no school) November 25-28, 2019
Winter Break (no school) December 20, 2019 - January 5, 2020
Martin Luther King, Jr. Day (no school) January 20, 2020
Parent/Teacher Conferences - noon release February 6, 2020
Presidents' Day (no school) February 17, 2020
Spring Break (no school) March 16 - March 19, 2020
Standardized Testing Window March 30 - April 16, 2020
Graduation Ceremony - noon release May 18, 2020
Last Day for Students May 21, 2020

- No School/Holidays
- Early Out - Noon
- Early Out 2pm - Spirit Days
- Beginning/End of School
- Standardized Testing Window

1st Quarter Ends 10/17/19 39 Days
2nd Quarter Ends 12/19/18 31 Days
3rd Quarter Ends 3/12/20 38 Days
4th Quarter Ends 5/21/20 36 Days
144 Total Days
The WIOA Program is accepting applications for In-School and Out-of-School ages: 16-24 years of age. Funding sources require the following documents be submitted before determining your eligibility.

- Birth Certificate
- Household Verification
- Income Verification
  Check stubs, direct deposit slips, payroll history, etc. (For all household members over the age of 18)
- Income Verification of Public Assistance
  Award letter for TANF, Food Stamps, Social Security Benefits, and/or General Assistance, etc.
- Meal Application (Free & Reduced) copy from child’s school
- School Status
  School transcripts, attendance record, report card from recent semester, drop-out letter, diploma, GED certificate, or letter from the school stating school status.
- Selective Service Card (For males over the age of 18)
- Social Security Card
- Tribal Affiliation (CIB/Enrollment Card)

NOTE: Eligibility does not guarantee selection for the program; each applicant is selected for services based on ability to benefit and other selection criteria.

Documents should be presented to the Receptionist and copies will be made and attached to your application.

WIOA staff will contact the participant by mail within 45 days

"An Equal Opportunity Employer/Training Program."

Auxiliary aides and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities.

TTY/TDD 711
ARIZONA@WORK
Innovative Workforce Solutions

Are you a Displaced Homemaker?

- Are you a male or female, who has been dependent on the income of another family member but is no longer supported by that income; defined as income lost through:
  - Death, divorce, legal separation, job loss of spouse or disablement of spouse; or
- Are you the spouse of a member of the Armed Forces on active duty who has experienced a loss of employment as a direct result of relocation to accommodate a permanent change in duty station of such member?
- Need help finding work or interested in training?

FOR MORE INFORMATION
PLEASE CONTACT:
Workforce Innovations and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Dislocated Worker Program
Rich Utzig at (602) 550-3556 or by emailing rutzig@outlook.com
Diana Russell at (928) 713-3080 or by emailing drussell@yahoo.com

Equal Opportunity Employer/Program
Auxiliary aids & services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities
TTY: 7-1-1

Hualapai Education & Training Center • Are You a Displaced Homemaker?
Submitted by: Jean Imus | Hualapai Department of Education & Training

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Hualapai Food Handler Training • Next Training: Tuesday, June 18th
Submitted by: Tamara Marshall | Hualapai Planning Department

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HUALAPAI – PEACH SPRINGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MONTH</th>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>LOCATION</th>
<th>TIME (AZ)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Health Education &amp; Wellness</td>
<td>10:00am – 12:30pm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Health Education &amp; Wellness</td>
<td>10:00am – 12:30pm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Health Education &amp; Wellness</td>
<td>10:00am – 12:30pm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information please contact the Office of Environmental Health and Engineering at (928) 669-3177. Everyone is welcome to attend.
Lunch & Learn: Learn How to Fight T2 Diabetes • Tuesday, June 4th
Submitted by: Trena Bizardt | Hualapai Health, Education & Wellness

May 28 - Introduction to Program
June 4 - Get Active to Prevent T2
June 11 - Track Your Activity
June 18 - Eat Well to Prevent T2
June 25 - Track Your Food

12-1pm
HEW Large Conference Room

Questions Call EW4H
769-1630 or 769-2644
Keith found KWLP late last summer when he was delivering the Mohave County Fair passes for the station's give-away, as a volunteer for THAT organization. And man are we lucky he found us! Keith is a retired broadcasting engineer from Wisconsin by way of California, who just happened to retire in Kingman. He is a volunteer extraordinaire—volunteering for such other groups as the Mohave County Fair, The Kingman Center for the Arts, Kingman Downtowner's Association, Beale Street Theater and more. He is a go, go, go kinda guy and since he found 100.9 fm he has been going for The Peach, too! Keith saved the station thousands of dollars repairing our new transmitter damaged in transit; he is an active member of the KWLP Advisory Committee; he has provided broadcast engineering consultation and hands on assistance regarding equipment installation, studio design and set up and signal issues and done research to assist our field operator regarding this and more. This year he has attended the Nautel Users group meeting, the Native Public Media Summit and the Arizona Broadcasters statewide E.A.S. meeting. Listeners will hear him on the air soon, too! You won't want to miss the energy! Keith will receive over $100.00 in incentives for being Volunteer of the Month and be eligible to be Volunteer of the Year!

If you'd like to join the Peach volunteers: Call 769-110. KWLP Volunteers sponsored in part by:
Children need protection from the sun’s harmful ultraviolet (UV) rays whenever they’re outdoors. Shade and sunscreen protect children from sun exposure and can help to reduce the risk of some skin cancers. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), even a few major sunburns can increase the risk of skin cancer later in life.1 The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends the following guidelines2 regarding sun safety and the selection and application of sunscreen:

- If possible, use play areas that provide some shade to help children stay cool.

- Protect infants under 6 months from direct sunlight by keeping them in a shady spot under a tree, umbrella, or stroller canopy.

- Limit children’s sun exposure between 10:00 am and 4:00 pm when UV rays are the strongest.

- Encourage families to dress children in cool clothing such as lightweight cotton pants and long-sleeved shirts. A hat will protect their face, ears, and the back of their neck.

**Hydration**

Toddlers and preschool children cannot regulate their body temperatures well and need additional water when the weather is hot. Provide regularly scheduled water breaks to encourage all children to drink during active play, even if they don’t feel thirsty. Fluoridated water (bottled or from the faucet) can reduce the risk of early childhood caries, and is the best drink choice for young children in between meals.

- **Drowning** is the leading cause of injury death for young children ages 1 to 4. Always stay within arm’s reach whenever a child is in or near water. CDC recommends that families with backyard swimming pools install a four-sided isolation fence, with self-closing and self-latching gates, around the pool. Fences should completely separate the pool from the house and play area to prevent children from accessing the water without supervision.4

- Prevent child heatstroke in cars. Learn about the Where’s baby, Look before you lock campaign. It is never safe to leave young children in a car, even with open windows.

- When cooking outside, keep children at least three feet away from the grill.
30th Annual Sobriety Festival • May 31, 2019—June 2, 2019
Submitted by: Vondell Bender | Hualapai Health Education & Wellness

30th Annual Sobriety Festival
Campout VII

Good Food, Good People & Good Weekend!

Raffles
BINGO

When: May 31, 2019 - June 2, 2019
Where: Hualapai Youth Camp

Games for kids
Horse Shoe Tournament
Shooting Range
Prizes
Wellness Walks
Transportation will be provided by our local Transit, so look out for a schedule for times.

Sweat lodge

Hosted By the Hualapai Sobriety Festival Committee

For more Information Contact: Elson Bender @ 769-1070.
30th Annual Sobriety Festival
Campout VII

Everyone is WELCOME! Camp is located on the Hualapai Indian Reservation East of Peach Springs, 25 miles North of Route 66 on Indian Route 18. Bunks are limited to Elders (10) and Disabled (4) Only, NO CHILDREN ALLOWED IN THE BUNK AREAS. Food, Arts & Craft Vendors are welcomed as well. Open Mic. for anyone as well as for our guest to share their stories, don’t be shy. 😊

THURSDAY MAY 30, 2019
Kick Off for Sobriety, Peach Springs

Blessing/ Prayer: Council Member Blake Watahomigie
9:00 am – 3:00 pm: G.O.N.A @ H.E.W Large Conf. Rm (Jessica & Group)
3:15 pm: Wellness Walk after GONA (EW4H)
5:30 pm – 6:00 pm: Potluck Dinner (Multi Purpose Building)

FRIDAY MAY 31, 2019
Event @ Youth Camp
6:00 am: Sweat (Herman)
7:00 am: Wellness Walk (EW4H)
7:30 am: Transit @ Tribal Office
7:45 am: 1st Transit depart from Tribal Office to Market pick up, then Depart for Youth Camp.
8:00 am – 8:00 am: Welcome, Breakfast & Registration
9:00 am – 12:00 pm: Speakers (open mic.), AA Marathon meetings, Youth Activities
12:00 pm: Lunch
1:00 pm – 5:30 pm: Speakers (open mic.), Bingo (adult), youth activities
5:30 pm – 6:00 pm: Bingo (youth)
6:00 pm: Dinner & Sweat
6:30 pm: Transit will depart from camp to peach springs
7:30 pm: Youth glow in the dark bowling

SATURDAY JUNE 1, 2019
Event @ Youth Camp
6:00 am: Sweat (Herman)
7:00 am: Wellness Walk (EW4H)
7:30 am: Transit @ Tribal Office
7:45 am: 1st Bus will depart from Tribal Office to Market for pick up, then depart for Youth Camp.
8:00 am – 9:00 am: Registration & Breakfast
9:00 am – 12:00 pm: Speakers (open mic.), AA Marathon meetings, Youth activities, Shooting Range.
12:00 pm: Lunch
1:00 pm – 5:30 pm: Speakers (open mic.), Bingo (adult), Bingo (youth), Horseshoe Tournament
6:00 pm: Dinner & Sweat
6:30 pm: Transit will depart camp for peach springs
7:30 pm: Possibly Movie night
8:00 pm Sobriety Countdown

SUNDAY JUNE 2, 2019
9:00 am – 10:00 am: Breakfast, last speakers (open mic.), transit will return for camp
11:00 am: Raffle
Closing after raffle/ Transit will depart
Community Powwow Aerobics • June 20, 2019
Submitted by: Shaundeen Bear | Hualapai Health, Education & Wellness

Community Powwow Aerobics

Come Join Us In Some Fun Dancing Exercises!

June 20, 2019

At The Multi. Building 5 - 6pm

(Wear Workout Clothing and Comfortable Shoes)
LOVE AND RESPECT

What's the Big Idea?

It's not Wrong, just Different

Are you ready to embark on a wonderful adventure concerning Love and Respect in Marriage.

Why do we negatively react to each other in marriage and other relationships?

This is just Crazy, and it's called the Crazy Cycle

This course is not just for married couples but can be easily adapted to other relationships such as follows:

- Friendships
- Dating Relationships
- Future Marriage
- Work Relationships
- Personal Reflection
- Parent and Sibling Relationships

This 7 week course will be presented at the HEW.
Beginning Wednesday May 29th @ 5:30-7:00 PM

Celebrate Recovery

Native Nations

Road to Recovery

It's not only about Addictions.
It's about life's Healing Choices.
Restoring Relationships
with family and friends.
Releasing co-dependency
Resolving Anger Behavior
Recovering your walk with Jesus, our higher Power.

Monday HEW
6:00 P.M

Youth and Tobacco

Submitted by: Vondell Bender | Hualapai Health Education & Wellness

Youth and Tobacco

Almost 90 percent of adult daily smokers started smoking by the age of 18, and about 2,000 youth under 18 smoke their first cigarette every day in the United States. In fact, use of tobacco products, no matter what type, is almost always started and established during adolescence when the developing brain is most vulnerable to nicotine addiction.

These facts highlight a critical need for targeted youth tobacco prevention efforts designed to protect America's kids.

FDA's Youth Tobacco Prevention Plan

In 2017, the FDA announced a comprehensive plan for tobacco and nicotine regulation that places nicotine, and the issue of addiction, at the center of the agency's tobacco regulation efforts. This plan will serve as a multi-year roadmap to better protect kids and significantly reduce tobacco-related disease and death in the U.S. A key component of this plan is the Youth Tobacco Prevention Plan, which aims to stop youth use of, and access to, tobacco products.

Understanding Youth Tobacco Use in the U.S.

The FDA is committed to a science-based approach that addresses public health issues associated with tobacco use. That's why we collaborate with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Office on Smoking and Health on the only nationally representative survey of middle and high school students that focuses exclusively on tobacco use—the National Youth Tobacco Survey. Results from this survey provide the FDA with some key national indicators of the effectiveness of comprehensive tobacco prevention and control programs.

Public Health Education to Reduce Youth Tobacco Use

Considering substantial evidence supporting mass media campaigns as an effective strategy to prevent and reduce youth tobacco use, FDA developed and launched its first tobacco prevention campaign, "The Real Cost," in 2014. The award-winning campaign has been extremely successful in reaching at-risk youth with messages about the dangers
of cigarette smoking. Results of a long-term research study indicate that exposure to “The Real Cost” campaign advertising prevented an estimated 350,000 youth ages 11 to 18 from initiating smoking between 2014 and 2016—half of whom might have gone on to become established smokers. By preventing these kids from ever becoming addicted to cigarettes, the campaign has saved them, their families, and the country more than $31 billion by reducing smoking-related costs External Link Disclaimer, like early loss of life, costly medical care, lost wages, lower productivity, and increased disability. The FDA also has developed additional public education campaigns designed to prevent and reduce tobacco use in the United States.

Flavored Tobacco
FDA issued an Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to seek public comment on the role that flavors in tobacco products—including menthol—play in attracting youth. The agency already banned certain characterizing flavors in cigarettes in 2009, including fruit and clove, because of their appeal to youth. The agency’s national effort to enforce this provision of the Tobacco Control Act and to advise parents about the dangers of flavored tobacco products was one of its important first steps toward responsible tobacco regulation to protect youth. Learn more about FDA’s efforts to explore the potential risks and benefits of flavored tobacco products.

Regulations Restricting the Sale and Distribution of Tobacco Products to Protect Children and Adolescents
Since 2009, the FDA has regulated cigarettes, smokeless, and roll-your-own tobacco. In 2016, the FDA finalized a rule to regulate all tobacco products, including:
- E-cigarettes/electronic cigarettes/vaporizers
- Cigars
- Hookah (waterpipe tobacco)
- Pipe tobacco
- Nicotine gels
- Dissolvable

These rules protect children and adolescents by restricting youth access to all tobacco products by:
- Not allowing products to be sold to anyone younger than 18 and requiring age verification via photo ID
- Not allowing tobacco products to be sold in vending machines (unless in an adult-only facility)
- Not allowing the distribution of free samples of tobacco products

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**FDA takes new steps to address epidemic of youth e-cigarette use**

*Submitted by: Vondell Bender | Hualapai Health Education & Wellness*

**FDA takes new steps to address epidemic of youth e-cigarette use, including a historic action against more than 1,300 retailers and 5 major manufacturers for their roles perpetuating youth access**

**For Immediate Release:**

*September 12, 2018*

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration today announced a series of critical and historic enforcement actions related to the sale and marketing of e-cigarettes to kids. In the largest coordinated enforcement effort in the FDA’s history, the agency issued more than 1,300 warning letters and civil money penalty complaints (fines) to retailers who illegally sold JUUL and other e-cigarette products to minors during a nationwide, undercover blitz of brick-and-mortar and online stores this summer. As a result of these violations of the law – and other indications that e-cigarette use among youth has hit epidemic proportions – FDA Commissioner Scott Gottlieb, M.D., signaled that the agency intends to take new and significant steps to address this challenge in a speech at the agency’s headquarters.

“We’re committed to the comprehensive approach to address addiction to nicotine that we announced last year. But at the same time, we see clear signs that youth use of electronic cigarettes has reached an epidemic proportion, and we must adjust certain aspects of our comprehensive strategy to stem this clear and present danger. This starts with the actions we’re taking today to crack down on retail sales of e-cigarettes to minors. We will also revisit our compliance policy that extended the dates for manufacturers of certain flavored e-cigarettes to submit applications for premarket authorization. I believe certain flavors are one of the principal drivers of the youth appeal of these products. While we remain committed to advancing policies that promote the potential of e-cigarettes to help adult smokers move away from combustible cigarettes, that work can’t come at the expense of kids. We cannot allow a whole new generation to become addicted to nicotine. In the coming weeks, we’ll take additional action under our Youth
Tobacco Prevention Plan to immediately address the youth access to, and the appeal of, these products,” said FDA Commissioner Gottlieb. “Today, we asked five e-cigarette manufacturers to put forward plans to immediately and substantially reverse these trends, or face a potential decision by the FDA to reconsider extending the compliance dates for submission of premarket applications. Our comprehensive plan on nicotine and tobacco regulation remains intact and we remain committed to its goals to reduce tobacco-related disease and death, including our efforts to reduce the nicotine in combustible products to render cigarettes minimally or non-addictive. We’re also fully committed to the concept that products that deliver nicotine exist on a continuum of risk, with combustible products representing the highest risk, and electronic nicotine delivery systems perhaps presenting an alternative for adult smokers who still seek access to satisfying levels of nicotine, but without all of the harmful effects that come from combustion. But in enabling a path for e-cigarettes to offer a potentially lower risk alternative for adult smokers, we won’t allow the current trends in youth access and use to continue, even if it means putting limits in place that reduce adult uptake of these products.”

**FDA undertakes aggressive enforcement strategy targeting illegal sales to youth and kid-friendly marketing**

As part of the agency’s **Youth Tobacco Prevention Plan** and ongoing work to protect youth from the dangers of tobacco products, the FDA has taken a series of actions over the past several months to more immediately target the illegal sales of e-cigarettes to youth, as well as the kid-friendly marketing and appeal of these products.

**The FDA is stepping up those efforts indefinitely.**

One aspect of the agency’s plan will entail increased enforcement. The more than 1,300 warning letters and fines to retailers announced today were part of a large-scale, undercover nationwide blitz to crack down on the sale of e-cigarettes to minors at both brick-and-mortar and online retailers, which was conducted from June through the end of August. The vast majority of the violations were for the illegal sale of five e-cigarette products – Vuse, Blu, JUUL, MarkTen XL, and Logic. These five brands currently comprise over 97 percent of the U.S. market for e-cigarettes. In addition, today the FDA also **issued 12 warning letters** to other online retailers that are selling misleadingly labeled and/or advertised e-liquids resembling kid-friendly food products such as candy and cookies. These products were the subject of **agency action in May**, and, subsequently, are **no longer being sold** with the offending labeling and advertising by the companies that received the May warning letters. However, the retailers receiving the warning letters today are still advertising and selling the volatile products. Several of these retailers were also cited for illegally selling the products to minors. The agency will continue to monitor and take action against companies that sell tobacco products that might mislead a young child into thinking the product is appropriate for them to consume as food. The FDA has more compliance actions underway. In addition to these new actions, the FDA had **previously issued** more than 60 warning letters and fines to businesses that sold JUUL brand products to minors stemming from another enforcement blitz this past spring. The agency also recently sent letters to JUUL Labs and **several other companies** requiring them to submit important documents to better understand the reportedly high rates of youth use at the particular youth appeal of their products. The FDA is currently investigating whether manufacturers introduced certain e-cigarette products to the market after Aug. 8, 2016, and may be subject to enforcement for marketing those products without premarket authorization. The FDA also continues to conduct checks of retail establishments that sell tobacco products to ensure compliance with federal laws. In total, the FDA has conducted 978,290 retail inspections, issued 77,180 warning letters to retailers for violating the law and initiated approximately 18,560 civil money penalty cases, as of Sept. 1, 2018. There is a clear need for strong federal enforcement of youth access restrictions and the FDA will continue to hold retailers accountable by vigorously enforcing the laws with the help of the agency’s state partners.

The agency also has issued more than 135 No-Tobacco-Sale Order Complaints, which can result in retailers being prohibited from selling tobacco products for specified periods of time.

**FDA warns youth use of e-cigarettes is reaching epidemic proportions, signals new, aggressive steps to address challenge, including re-examining FDA’s compliance policy regarding flavored e-cigarettes**

Over the past several years, e-cigarettes were the most commonly used tobacco product by youth. In fact, **more than 2 million middle and high school students** were current users of e-cigarettes in 2017. This use by children and teens is especially concerning to the FDA because the developing adolescent brain is particularly vulnerable to nicotine addiction. That’s why combating youth use of nicotine-containing products is a core priority and the guiding principle behind the FDA’s **Youth Tobacco Prevention Plan**.

The FDA now believes that youth use of e-cigarettes is reaching epidemic proportions. This belief is based on not just the results of the agency’s enforcement actions, but also recent sales trends, news coverage, increased concerns among kids, parents and educators, as well as preliminary data that will be finalized and released in the coming months.

To address these trends, and as another part of the agency’s effort, the FDA is re-examining its compliance policy dates for the submission of premarket tobacco applications to the FDA for certain e-cigarettes. Toward those goals, and recognizing the critical role manufacturers must play in curtailing youth use of their products, the FDA today **issued letters** to the manufacturers of the five top-selling national brands. All of these brands – JUUL, Vuse, MarkTen XL, Blu e-cigs, and Logic – made up a vast majority of the products illegally sold to minors as part of the blitz this summer. The agency is asking each company to submit to FDA within 60 days plans describing how they will address the widespread youth access and use of their products. If they fail to do so, or if the plans do not appropriately address this issue, the FDA will consider whether it would be appropriate to revisit the
current policy that results in these products remaining on the market without a marketing order from the agency. This could mean requiring these brands to remove some or all of their flavored products that may be contributing to the rise in youth use from the market until they receive premarket authorization and otherwise meet all of their obligations under the law.

Today, the agency has also committed to taking even stronger measures to stem these troubling trends of youth use:

- Looking at, and potentially changing, the FDA’s current compliance policy to determine whether it can better account for manufacturers that are not successfully preventing widespread youth use of their products. This means re-examining all aspects of the enforcement discretion that the FDA exercised when it extended the compliance dates for premarket authorization for certain newly deemed tobacco products. This could also mean revising the overall policy that applies to all manufacturers, which would go beyond the requests that were sent with respect to certain individual products today, and address the entire category of cartridge-based e-cigarettes.
- Indefinitely stepping up FDA enforcement actions with a sustained campaign to monitor, penalize and prevent e-cigarette sales in convenience stores and other retail sites.
- Closely evaluating manufacturers’ own internet storefronts and distribution practices and taking appropriate enforcement actions if we find violations of the restrictions on sales to minors. The FDA has at its disposal both civil and criminal remedies to address demonstrated violations of the law.
- Investigating whether manufacturers of certain e-cigarette products may be marketing new products that were not on the market as of Aug. 8, 2016, thus falling outside of the FDA’s compliance policy, and have not gone through premarket review.

The FDA will also be developing an overall policy roadmap, designed to both address these trends and remain true to the goals of the comprehensive plan on nicotine and tobacco regulation announced in July 2017, which aims to render cigarettes minimally or non-addictive and encourage the development of innovative tobacco products that could help currently addicted adult smokers switch to potentially less harmful forms of nicotine delivery. This also includes new steps that the FDA will announce in the coming weeks to promote wider access to nicotine replacement therapy marketed as new drugs as a way to help more adult smokers quit cigarettes.

As part of the FDA’s comprehensive plan, the agency also continues to explore clear and meaningful measures to make tobacco products less toxic, appealing and addictive with an intense focus on youth. This could include measures on flavors/designs that appeal to youth, child-resistant packaging and product labeling to prevent accidental child exposure to liquid nicotine. The FDA also issued an advance notice of proposed rulemaking in March to seek public comment on the role that flavors in tobacco products play in attracting youth. Additionally, the agency plans to explore additional restrictions on the sale and promotion of ENDS to further reduce youth exposure and access to these products.

The FDA has also expanded “The Real Cost” public education campaign with messages focused on preventing youth use of e-cigarettes. The FDA will launch a new, full-scale e-cigarette campaign targeted to youth next week.

The FDA, an agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, protects the public health by assuring the safety, effectiveness, and security of human and veterinary drugs, vaccines and other biological products for human use, and medical devices. The agency also is responsible for the safety and security of our nation’s food supply, cosmetics, dietary supplements, products that give off electronic radiation, and for regulating tobacco products.
Make summer Safe for Kids
Submitted by: Vondell Bender | Hualapai Health Education & Wellness

Make Summer Safe for Kids
Summer is a great time for kids to enjoy different indoor and outdoor activities. Whether they are young children or teens, learn ways to keep your kids safe and healthy while they enjoy the summer fun.

Master water safety
Water-related activities are popular for getting physical activity and have many health benefits. Here are some tips to stay safe while having fun. Learn how to prevent recreational water illnesses and help protect yourself and your kids.

Help kids get H2O Smartz about water safety.
Drownings are the leading cause of injury death for young children ages 1 to 4, and three children die every day as a result of drowning.
- Always supervise children when in or around water. A responsible adult should constantly watch young children.
- Teach kids to swim. Formal swimming lessons can protect young children from drowning.

- Learn cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). Your CPR skills could save someone’s life.
- Install a four-sided fence around home pools.
- Recreational boating can be a wonderful way to spend time with family and friends. Make boating safety a priority.
- Wear a properly fitted life jacket every time you and your loved ones are on the water.

Beat the heat and sun
Heat-related illness happens when the body’s temperature control system is overloaded. Infants and children up to 4 years of age are at greatest risk. Even young and healthy people can get sick from the heat if they participate in physical activities during hot weather for heat-related illness the defense is prevention.
Never leave infants, children, or pets in a parked car, even if the windows are cracked open.

Dress infants and children in loose, lightweight, light-colored clothing.

Schedule outdoor activities carefully, for morning and evening hours.

Stay cool with cool showers or baths.

Seek medical care immediate if your child has symptoms of heat-related illness. Just a few serious sunburns can increase you and your child’s risk of skin cancer later in life. Their skin needs protection from the sun’s harmful ultraviolet (UV) rays whenever they’re outdoors.

Cover up. Clothing that covers your and your child’s skin helps protect against UV rays.

Use sunscreen with at least SPF (sun protection factor) 15 and UVA (ultraviolet A) and UVB (ultraviolet B) protection every time you and your child go outside.

Keep mosquitoes and ticks from bugging you this summerCdc-pdf
Protect yourself and your family by preventing bites and diseases, like Zika, West Nile virus and Lyme Disease. Which can be cause by insects.

Use an effective insect repellent while playing outdoors.

Make your backyard a tick-safe zone.

Check yourself and your children for ticks. Ticks are easy to remove.

Prevent Injuries:
Each year in the United States, emergency departments treat more than 200,000 children ages 14 and younger for playground-related injuries. Falls at home and on the playground are a common cause of injury.

Check to make sure that the surfaces under playground equipment are safe, soft, and well-maintained.

Supervise young children at all times around fall hazards, such as stairs and playground equipment.

Use stair gates, which can help keep a busy, active child from taking a dangerous tumble.

A concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head that can change the way your brain normally works. Concussions can occur in any sport or recreation activity. Learn concussion signs and symptoms and what to do if a concussion occurs.

Make sure kids and teens wear the right protective equipment for their sport or recreation activity. Parents can take many actions to protect their children’s health and safety at home.

Stay smart around the house by following tips on fire prevention, microwave use, and living with pets.

Learn healthy home tips for each room in the house.

Young workers have high job injury rates. Hazards in the workplace, inexperience, and lack of safety training may increase injury risks for young workers.

Know their rights, employer and teen worker responsibilities, and what teens under 18 can’t do.

Stop the violence:

Kids can use electronic media to embarrass, harass, or threaten their peers. Take steps to prevent, a term that captures all types of violence that occur electronically.

As teens develop emotionally, they are heavily influenced by their relationship experiences, including teen dating. Protect your children from teen dating violence. Nearly one in 10 teens reports having been hit or physically hurt on purpose by a boyfriend or girlfriend at least once over a year’s time.

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Courtesy of Cuisine at Home • Three Sisters Summer Salad • Healthy Recipes
Submitted by: Vondell Bender | Hualapai Health Education & Wellness

Three Sisters Summer Salad
Raise the bar on summer vegetable salads with this quick, bright, and flavorful grilled side dish. These “sisters”, sweet corn, yellow summer squash, and green beans, are sure to be the talk of the season.

MAKES 8 SERVINGS (8 CUPS) TOTAL TIME 30 MINUTES
**Ingredients**

**WHISK:**
- 2 Tbsp. each white wine vinegar and extra-virgin olive oil
- 2 Tbsp. minced shallots
- 1 tsp. each Dijon mustard and honey
- 1 tsp. minced fresh summer savory
- Salt and black pepper to taste

**TOSS:**
- 4 cups miniature pattypan squash, halved
- 3 Tbsp. olive oil, divided
- 4 ears fresh sweet corn
- 8 oz. green beans, trimmed and halved

**STIR IN:**
- ¼ cup thinly sliced fresh basil

**Instructions**

Preheat grill to medium-high. Brush grill grate with oil.

**Whisk** together vinegar, 2 Tbsp. oil, shallots, Dijon, honey, and savory; season with salt and pepper.

**Toss** squash with 1 Tbsp. oil; season with salt and pepper. Rub corn with 1 Tbsp. oil; season with salt and pepper. Toss beans with remaining 1 Tbsp. oil; season with salt and pepper.

Grill vegetables, covered, until squash and beans soften and grill marks appear, and corn is lightly charred on all sides, 3–5 minutes. Cut corn off the cobs and transfer vegetables to a bowl.

Stir in basil and toss salad with vinaigrette.

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**ANIMALS (Hualapai Words)**

Submitted by: Vondell Bender, GHW Educator | Hualapai Health Education & Wellness

![Crossword puzzle with animals in Hualapai words]
National Child Heatstroke Prevention campaign starts May 27, 2019

Heatstroke is the leading cause of vehicular non-traffic related deaths for children under 14. In fact, each year, an average of 38 children have died from heatstroke since 1998.

Sadly, these are the current statistics:
- Child vehicular heatstroke fatalities in 2018 = 52
- Child vehicular heatstroke fatalities in 2017 = 43

Yet, this tragedy is 100% preventable.

While it seems like an impossible mistake to make, every parent or caregiver can potentially become distracted, and distractions often fuel this devastating situation. No one is immune.

We each have a role to play to help keep our kids safe. Help us share life-saving tips and resources with as many people as we can.


* Click [here](#) to get your Heatstroke Prevention Toolkit.
Inspirational Corner • Please Come In
Submitted by: Josie Pousey

Access to God's throne is always open
Hebrews 10:19-25

VS 22—Let us draw near to God... with the full assurance that faith brings. In the old testament, access to God in the tabernacle and temple was strictly limited. Only the high priest could go in through the curtain and other sacrifices in the Most Holy Place, and then only once a year. But at the very moment Jesus died, the curtain of the temple was torn in from top to bottom, showing that the barrier between man and God was destroyed forever (Mark 15:38) Because of Christ sacrifice for our sins, all those who love and follow him can come into his presence at anytime. He has given us the right of access.

St. Mary’s Food Distribution
Submitted by: Nikki Raymond

ST. MARY’S FOOD BANK DISTRIBUTION
10:00AM-3:00PM
Training Center
(Last Thursday of each month)

For questions or concerns, call Training Center at (928) 769-2200

Near or Far •
Submitted by: Philbert Watahomigie, Sr. | Hualapai Tribe Vice-Chairman

Near or Far
Always Buckle Up

What will you do to save yours and your loved ones life?

Message To All The Graduates • 2019
Submitted by: Tamara Marshall | Hualapai Planning Department

CONGRADULATIONS TO ALL THE GRADUATES!
HAN’GYU
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TRIBAL DEPTS.</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
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<td>Day Care Center</td>
<td>769-1515/1517</td>
<td>769-1516</td>
<td>Call Center/Tourism</td>
<td>888-868-9378</td>
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Revised 04/03/13